InterComparison Experiments for Greenhouse Gases Observation (iceGGO) in Japan

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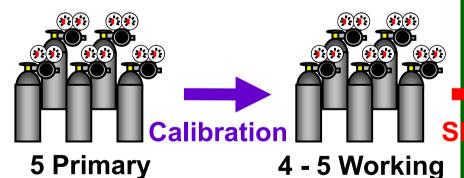
CH₄ Calibration System and Standard Gases in JMA



150°

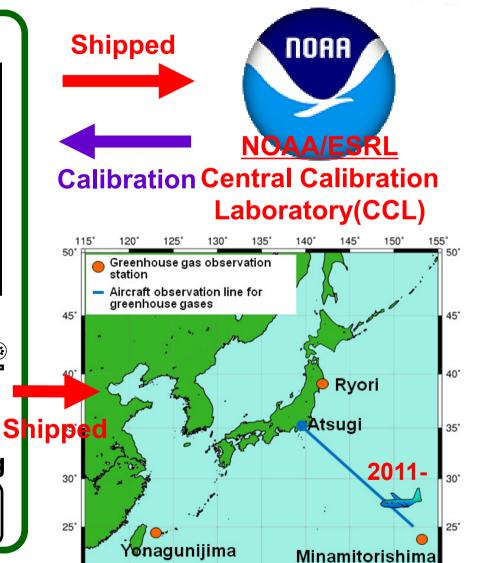
CH₄ Calibration in JMA

Drimary Standards	5 Cylinders			
Primary Standards	(1622 - 2109 ppb)			
Standard	NOAA04 scale			
Gas Scale	Every 6 years			
Calibration system	GC-FID			
	SHIMADZU-GC14BPF			
Overall Precision	~ 2ppb			



4: Station

5: Aircraft



130°

Methane Reference Gas Intercomparison for WCC/GAW in JMA



- CH₄ Reference Gas Intercomparison as activities for WCC (A/O)
- Asia (China, Korea), South-West Pacific (Australia, New Zealand) and Japan

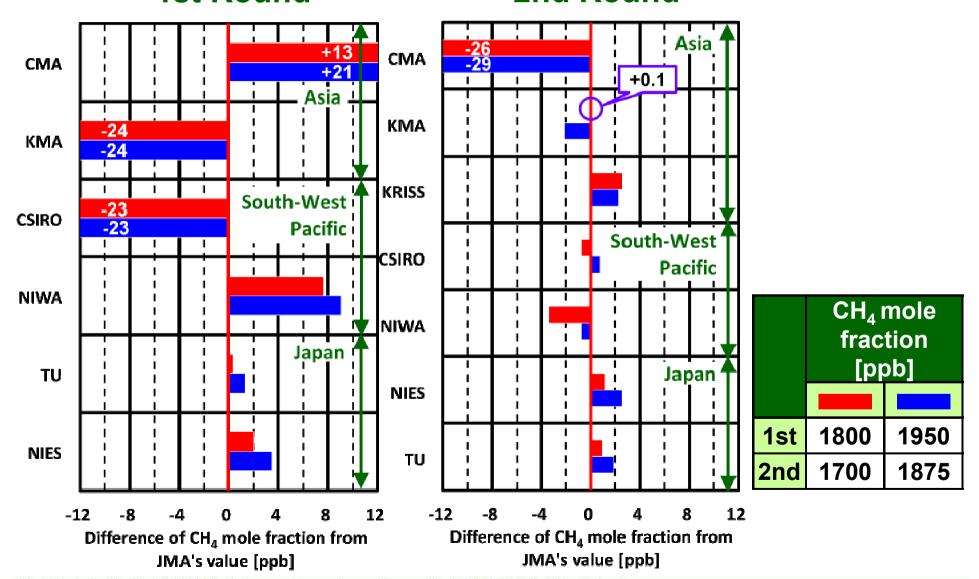
Intercomparison Round	Period	Participant	2 Cylinders [ppb]	
1st	2001.04 - 2005.03	CMA, KMA, CSIRO, NIWA, TU, NIES	1800, 1950	
2nd	2005.07 - 2010.01	CMA, KMA, KRISS, CSIRO, NIWA, NIES, TU	1700, 1875	
3rd	2008.05 - 2013.02	KRISS, KMA, CMA, CSIRO, NIWA, NIPR, AIST, MRI, NIES, TU	1665, 1850	
4th	2011.06 - 2012.05	CMA, KMA	1740, 1880	
	2013 - (Ongoing)	CSIRO, NIWA	1740, 1000	

A/O: Asia and the South-West Pacific



Results of the 1st and 2nd CH₄ Reference Gas Intercomparison 1st Round 2nd Round

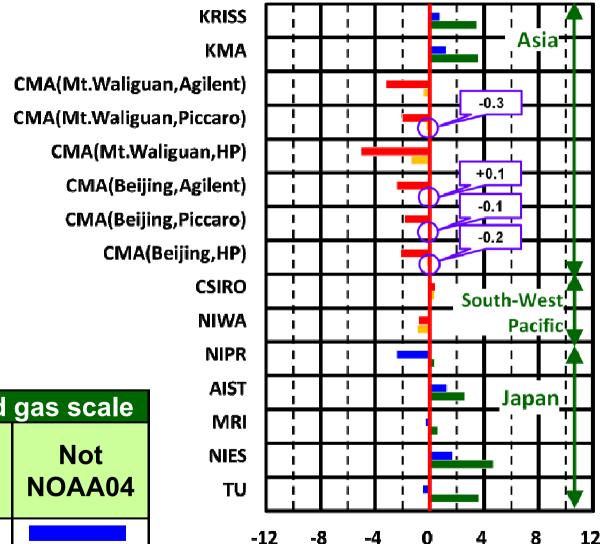






Results of the 3rd CH₄ Reference Gas Intercomparison





Difference of CH₄ mole fraction from JMA's value [ppb]



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Overview of iceGGO



ackground

- ➤ JMA and major observation laboratories in Japan have established a national alliance with National Metrology Institute of Japan (NMIJ).
- ➤ We started intercomparison experiments named iceGGO series in 2012.

Purposes of iceGGO-1 (CH₄)

- ➤ To compare CH₄ standard scales used by the observation laboratories with the SI traceable standards produced by NMIJ.
- ➤ To clarify the detailed differences of the standard gases which have a wider range of CH₄ mole fractions.

Future Target

- > To detect a drift of standard gas as well as analytical problems by repeated experiments.
- ➤ To make a compatible CH₄ dataset by integrating all of the measurements at various laboratories in Japan.



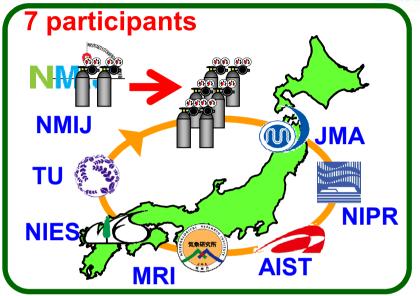
iceGGO-1 (CH₄) in 2012



6 standard gas cylinders

(CH₄ range: 1665 ppb - 2240 ppb)

- 1) 4 standard gases were provided by JMA
 - 1665-1920ppb(2 standards for WCC)
 - Purified natural air + pure CH₄
- 2) 2 standard gases were prepared by a gravimetric method in NMIJ
 - -1830, 2240ppb
 - -Synthetic air (N₂,O₂,Ar)+ pure CH₄

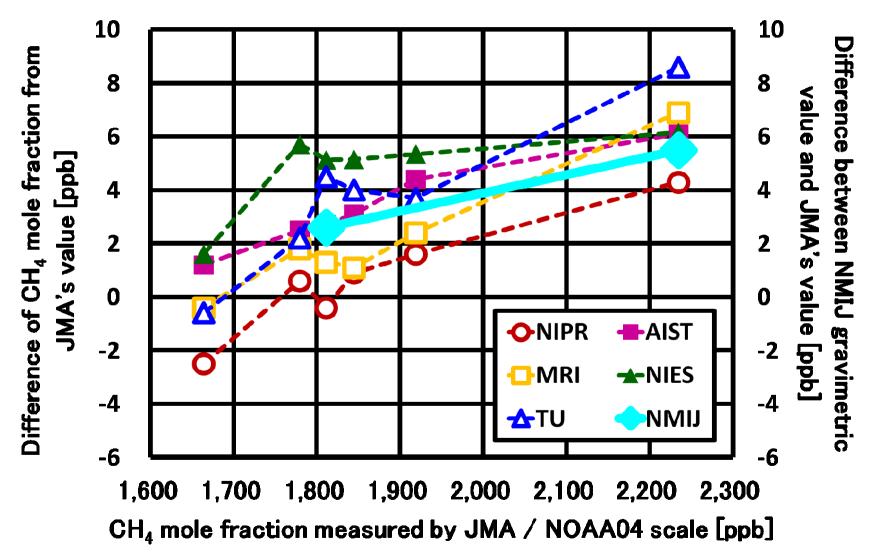


	JMA	NIPR	AIST	MRI	NIES	TU	NMIJ
Standard gas scale	NOAA04	NIPR	AIST	MRI	NIES94	TU-X08	Gravimetric blending
Standard gas range [ppb] (Number)	1622-2109 (5)	1390-2282 (4)	1007-2534 (4)	1599-2102 (5)	512- 3012 (7)	899-2503 (5)	
Instrument (GC-FID)	GC-14BPF SHIMADZU	GC-8A SHIMADZU	GC-14BPF SHIMADZU	AG-1F Yanaco	HP5890 Agilent	6890NF HP	
Precision σ [ppb]	2.0	1.8	1.6	0.9	1.0	1.2	



Result of iceGGO-1 (CH₄)







Summary



- The differences of CH₄ concentrations measured in the 3rd methane reference gas intercomparison were smaller than those in the previous two intercomparisons.
- The difference of measured CH₄ mole fractions with each scale depended on absolute CH₄ mole fractions.
- The iceGGO-1 was successful. For various greenhouse gases such as CO and CO₂ besides CH₄, the alliance will continue the series of the intercomparison to clarify the relation among laboratory's scales and to ensure their stability.



Acknowledgment



For more information on JMA's WCC activities, please visit the following page.

http://ds.data.jma.go.jp/gmd/wcc/wcc.html

Thank you so much for your cooperation!

